IT WILL BE RECOMMENDED BY THE WALKER COMMISSION.

Offer of the Panama Canal Company to Sell Its Rights and Plant Will Not Be Considered.

NEW TREATY IS UNDER WAY

AND SOON WILL BE READY FOR RAT-IFICATION BY THE SENATE.

Nicaragua Probably Will Grant the United States All the Privileges This Country Desires.

REVENUE AND THE TARIFF

TWO SUBJECTS DISCUSSED BY THE PRESIDENT YESTERDAY.

Representatives Payne, Russell, Grosvenor and Steele in Conference

at the White House.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- The Panama canal has been practically eliminated from struction of an interoceanic waterway by the United States, so that from now on there will be under consideration but one and that will be the Nicaragua route. The Panama route will from time to be brought forward, but only for the purpose of befogging the situation and delaying the construction of a canal over the Nicaragua route. It is reported to-night that at last the Panama Company has made a proposition for the sale of its property to the government, the price to be agreed on by arbitrators. In the first place, the isthmian canal commission has once rejected that proposition and, in the second place, the proposition has not been renewed. So Admiral Walker, the head of the canal commission, has practically rejected the whole Panama scheme, and has called a meeting of the full commission to be held in Washington next Tuesday. That will be the commencement of the final meetings of the commission, and then the final report will be made up. The report will flatly recommend and it is possible that it will go even further than that and say the Panama route is brought forward for the sole pur-

ahead with a new treaty with Nicaragua, and that will be completed ready for ratification by the Senate some time in De cember, according to the present rate of negotiating this treaty; in fact, an outline of it was informally agreed on previous to the denunciation of the old treaty by Nicaragua and that action was taken on the suggestion of the United States. The new treaty probably will be fully as favorable as the old one.

pose of obstructing legislation and pre-

venting the building of any waterway. At

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Republican Tariff Experts Confer with President Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.-The Republican members of the House ways and means committee, Messrs. Payne of New York, Russell of Connecticut, Grosvenor of Ohio, and Steele of Indiana, were at the White House this afternoon in conference with the President. They were extremely reticent regarding the interview and each asserted that he came to Washington on some business connected with the departments. It was learned, however, that the President discussed with them some features of his forthcoming message which relate to the revenues and to the tariff. Many vision of the tariff at the coming session of President to-day that he regarded the retariff especially.

Mrs. Cowles Loses a Diamond Brooch. WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Mrs. William S. Cowles, wife of Commander Cowles, of the navy, and sister of President Roosevelt, fluence on the court; but they fear the re- from time to time from the Commercial was robbed of, or lost, about ten days ago, a diamond brooch valued at about \$5,000. It is believed the loss occurred during Mrs. Cowles's recent trip to New England, and detectives of several cities through which she passed are working on the case.

Growth of Rural Free Delivery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.- The statistics of the growth of rural free delivery service show that on Dec. 2 next there will be 6.009 carriers throughout the country, traveling a total mileage approximating 147,220 miles daily, or 241/2 miles each on an average. There have been 12,000 applications for routes, or twice the number of routes.

National Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Having spent all the money collected by the Battleship Maine Relief Association Captain Sigsbee has requested Secretary Long to appoint a board to audit his accounts. The total

On the recommendation of General Gillesple, chief of engineers, May. Charles F. Powell, stationed at Pittsburg, will be transferred to the station at New London, Conn. He will be relieved at Pittsburg by Capt. William L. Sibert, now at Louisville. Ky. Maj. E. H. Buffner, at Cincinnati, in | Hung Chang," said Minister Wu, "and the addition to his present duties will assume charge of the station at Louisville.

Admiral Kempff, on the Asiatic station, tached to the gunboat Helena, died of pneu- | the Chinese and to his God.' monia on the 3d instant.

G. Houston collector of customs for the over the Chinese situation as affected by district of Delaware. The announcement | the death of Li Hung Chang. Mr. Rockhill | of the appointment followed a visit of Rep- having just returned from Peking is betresentative Ball, of Delaware, and ended a ter posted perhaps than any person con- said, of \$75,000 instead of a profit. It is several years owing to the deadlock be- Washington as to the situation. The offitween the Addicks and Dupont factions. | cials don't apprehend any considerable dis- | the bonding companies. William H. Cooper, whom Mr. Houston will | turbance in Chinese administration. A new succeed, was appointed by Mr. Cleveland. General A. W. Greely, chief signal officer, prominently mentioned as possible succesreturned to Washington to-day, after an | sors of Earl Li are Yuan Shi Kai, the presabsence of five months spent in the Philipplaces inspecting the cable and telegraph Ching himself, who has been associated service of the islands. General Greely re- | with Li Hung Chang as one of the two tuened to the United States by way of Europe. He had an important conference in London with the officers of the cable | Chang. His friends here fear that in the and telegraph companies, which resulted in an agreement to reduce the tolls to and | been exposed to the attacks of the many from Manila en government business about | enemies in the Chinese court which me

which General MacArthur is president, viser in foreign affairs, and superintended gractically has completed its work, and while acting in that capacity, the construcas adjourned until Dec. 2. The recorder tion of the first Chinese railway.

hape for nomination again and it will PONIECOCCO of the board now is putting the list in be ready a few days after the reopening Baron Ludovic Moncheur, the newly appointed Belgian minister to the United States, was presented to the President to-The President and Mrs. Roosevelt gave their first formal dinner at the White

House to-night, when a company of eighteen persons assembled in the family dining room, which was beautifully adorned with white chrysanthemums.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Engineer, Fireman and Switchman Mangled in a Railway Wreck.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Nov. 7.-Three trainmen, all of Springfield, were killed in North Springfield last night in a collision on the | HE Frisco road, between a switch engine and a double-header. The dead are Will Nichols, engineer of switch engine; Harry Rosin, fireman of switch engine; John T. Yerner, switchman, who was standing on switch engine tender. The engineer and fireman were caught between the tank and boiler of the engine of the double-header and scalded to death. The switchman was so badly mangled that it was necessary to pick him up in pieces.

LI HUNG CHANG'S DEATH UNFORTU-NATE FOR THE EMPIRE.

Only Influential Oriental Who Could Deal Satisfactorily with For-

eign Governments.

YUAN SHI KAI NEXT IN FAME

BUT MAY NOT BE ABLE TO LEAVE SHAN-TUNG PROVINCE.

Dead Viceroy to Be Buried in th Coffin He Carried Around the World-Wu's Tribute.

PEKING, Nov. 7 .- The death of Li Hung Chang was quiet, his vitality ebbing slowly. For a time he lost consciousness, but he showed great tenacity, rallied at midnight, became semi-conscious, partook of nourishment and appeared to recognize his relatives. The foreign doctors left him early yesterday, saying that nothing more could be done. His personal physician, Dr. Watt, then took charge. The controversy between the foreign and Chinese doctors had no effect on the patient, because he was already beyond hope of recovery.

The flames of the procession of paper effigies, chairs and horses burned in the courtyard of the Yamen to carry his spirit that Congress adopt the Nicaragua route, to heaven told the crowd of officials who were gathered in the narrow street outside the Yamen that the end had come. Soon afterward a procession appeared bearing a costly coffin of teakwood, beautifully lacquered. This coffin Li Hung Chang took on any rate the report of the commission will his trip around the world, and he brought contain no grain of comfort for the Panama it from Canton when he came to Peking to settle the Boxer troubles. Since that sen my mental suffering, nor relieve me time it had been kept in a temple here.

The body will be placed in the coffin tomorrow morning with the customary rites. progress. There will be no hitch about On Sunday there will be a ceremonial corresponding to a lying in state, and all the Chinese officials will pay their respects. A separate day will be designated for the ministers of the powers. The interment will be at the birthplace of the deceased statesman, a little village in the province of An-Hui. The time has not yet been decided

A memorial was telegraphed to the court announcing his death and a circular letter sent to the ministers of the powers. It is expected that when the court received the tention to it. He said that he would take news an edict was issued bestowing posthumous honors on the deceased and probably advancing him to the rank of a mar- night and look it up. Wednesday morning

The ministers of the powers are personally sending messages of sympathy. The first letter received at the Chinese Foreign Office came this morning from Mr. Conger, the United States minister, saying that Secretary Hay had instructed him to tender the regrets of President Roosevelt and the United States government at the imminent death of the great viceroy.

The Chinese officials were unable to obof the Republican members of the ways tain communication with Prince Ching toand means committee already have ex- day. The Governor of Peking, the provin- it was organized in September, 1885, and cial treasurer and the generals command- | has handled and disbursed more than \$15. ing the Chinese troops have sent a joint | 000,000 during that time, and until this de-Congress. General Grosvenor told the telegram to various points recommending falcation no thought has ever been enter-Prince Ching to proceed and join the court sult in Ohio as approving the present and in order to present to the court the facts | trayal on his part will be keenly felt by past Republican policies and the present of the situation in Peking before returning the membership. The Supreme Tent keeps

> sults of removing him from the province Bank to these other depositories money nese sources.

WU WAS LI'S PROTEGE.

amount of money collected and disbursed Chinese Minister Says the Earl Was a

Great and Good Man. WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Minister Wu Tingfang has not yet been informed by his government of the death of Li Hung Chang, suffered a great loss by the death of Li position he held in China affairs will be a most difficult one for China to fill. He was has notified the Navy Department that a great man. He was also a good man. Secretary Hay sent for Mr. Rockhill this The President to-day appointed Robert afternoon and had a long talk with him viceroy will be chosen. The names most ent governor of Shan-Tung, and Prince Chinese plenipotentiaries, Minister Wu was a protege of Li Hung

CHARLES D. THOMPSON SAYS HE BE-TRAYED HIS TRUST.

Supreme Finance Keeper of the Supreme Tent, Knights of Maccabees, Robs the Order.

\$57,000 ADMITS TAKING

BELIEVING HE COULD REPLACE THE MONEY BEFORE DISCOVERY.

Says He Used the Funds in His Private Business to Save Himself from Bankruptey.

ORDER IS PROTECTED BY BONDS

STATEMENT FROM D. P. MARKEY, THE SUPREME COMMANDER.

General Secretary-Treasurer McGuire, of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, Said to Be Short \$10,074.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 7.-By his own written confession, Charles D. Thompson, supreme finance keeper of the Supreme Tent, Knights of Maccabees, and a prominent vessel and tug man of this city, is a defaulter in the sum of \$57,000. Mr. Thompson, however, was heavily bonded in the National Surety Company, of New York, and the Fidelity and Deposit 'Company, of Baltimore, and the order therefore is protected from loss. Thompson made no effort REBEL LEADER IN THE ISLAND OF to escape after his defalcation was discovered. He is now at his home awaiting the action of the bonding companies. His embezzlement is confessed in the following letter to Supreme Commander D. P.

"Dear Sir-It is with a feeling of distress and shame that I tender herewith my resignation as supreme finance keeper of the order of which you are the head. And this step is taken with a bitter realization that I am no longer worthy the companionship and association of my fellow-officers. I have held the position since the order was founded, have during most of that time been officially associated with the present supreme officers and never until now did I in any way betray my trust. was engaged in a legitimate business venture in which I had made a large investment and found myself in a position when further money was necessary to save myself from bankruptcy and ruin. There was apparently no chance for loss, I then betrayed my trust, and used the funds of the order, at the time believing there was no question of my ability to replace them diers. within a short time. The amount I used was \$57,000. I have no hope of being able to repay this amount. I know the order is protected from loss by the surety bond of nearly twice the amount in a perfectly responsible company, but this does not lesfrom the disgrace of having betrayed the confidence reposed in me. Nothing that may occur can increase the tortures which can only await such action as may be taken and abide the consequences. No punshment can be greater and no suffering so intense as that resulting from the loss of the respect and esteem of the membership of the order and the suffering necssarily caused to my family.

DISCOVERY OF THE SHORTAGE. The first intimation of the shortage came last Tuesday afternoon when Supreme Commander Markey and Supreme Recordkeeper George J. Sigle were checking over | recruits from Vancouver barracks. the finance keeper's books. An error was discovered and they called Thompson's atthe books and papers home with him that quis, which title will descend to his eldest he came to Supreme Commander Markey's office and confessed that his accounts were written confession of the embezzlement. An Georgia. examination of the books followed and the shortage was declared. Supreme Commander Markey this afternoon gave out the following statement in regard to it:

"Charles B. Thompson has been supreme finance keeper of the Supreme Tent since tained against his integrity, and this beon deposit large amounts of money in lead-There are no signs of mourning in the ing banks in several commercial centers city, although the populace is considerably on which warrants are drawn for the payexcited. The ministers of the powers con- ment of death claims, but all collections are sider Yuan Shi Kai the strongest man in | made through the Commercial Bank of China after Li Hung Chang, and they think | Port Huron, and it is a part of the duties his presence here would have a good in- of the supreme finance keeper to transfer of Shan-Tung, the most turbulent pro- for the purpose of keeping the accounts vince in the empire, and the seat of the good at such banks, and the money that "Boxer" movement. Yuan Shi Kai has con- | was used in this case by Mr. Thompson was trolled the province with an iron hand. The on a draft transferring from the Commersituation there is particularly delicate on cial Bank to the First National Bank of account of the friction with the Germans New York. Mr. Thompson's shortage is and the substitution of a man with less \$57,000, but no loss will be incurred by the tact would doubtless mean uprisings and a Supreme Tent, as every financial official conflict between the Chinese and Germans. of the association, including Mr. Thomp-The death of Li Hung Chang is doubly re- | son, is bonded in surety companies, and the gretted because he was the only influential | bond held by the order as security for Mr. Chinaman who could deal with foreign | Thompson's integrity is very much greater governments with an appreciation of the than the shortage. But the fact that no foreign point of view. Officials attached to pecuniary loss is suffered does not relieve Earl Li's household informed the cor- from regret the membership of the assorespondent of the Associated Press to-day ciation, who have been up to the present that the Russian minister, M. Paul Lessar, | time able to say that no officer of the ascalled early in the morning and strenuous- sociation has ever misappropriated a single ly endeavored to have the seal of Li Hung | dollar intrusted to his care. The bond com-Chang attached to the Manchurian conven- panies have been notified of Mr. Thomptio before he died. It is impossible to son's defalcation and the Supreme Tent verify this statement from other than Chi- will look to them to make good the amount. Pending an adjustment with the bond companies there will be no delay in the payment of death claims, as the order had on deposit in cash on the 1st day of this month n its various depositories a little more than half a million dollars besides having bonds amounting to more than \$1,120,000 The companies on Mr. Thompson's bond were notified of the shortage to-day and representatives of each are now on their way to Port Huron. It is expected they will arrive either late to-night or tobut credits the statement. "China has morrow morning. Thompson is not under arrest, but says he expects to be arrested and prosecuted and is prepared to pay the penalty of his breach of rust. The heavy loss sustained by the Thompson Towing and Wrecking Company, of this city, of which Thompson is a member, on the steamer Harlem, which they raised Private Devitt, of the marine corps, at- and devoted his life to the betterment of from the bottom of Lake Superior, is responsible for the defalcation. Thompson said this afternoon that he used the funds of the order in this enterprise, which proved very unprofitable, as the expense of raising and refitting the craft was so great that she had to be sold at a loss, it is controversy, which has been prolonged for nected with the State Department now in expected an effort will be made by Thompson's friends to effect a settlement with

ALLEGED TO BE SHORT \$10,074.

Warrant Said to Be Out for the Arrest

of P. J. McGuire. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7 .- The North American to-morrow will say: "It is offideath of his protector and patron he has cially announced that P. J. McGuire, temporarily suspended general secretary-treasliberal policies have created. Mr. Wu urer of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, is souri-Arkansas boundary line, killed him-The brevet and medal of honor board, of for some time was Earl Li's lega! ad- short in his accounts \$10,074. A warrant has self to-day to avoid capture, after he had been issued for the arrest of Mr. McGuire. he had been shot twice, once in the head The general executive board of the Broth- and once through the body.

erhood of Carpenters has also preferred specific charges of breach of trust against its old secretary-treasurer. A vote by the 1.000 local unions of the brotherhood has been ordered, to be returned on or before Dec. 10, on the advisability of making Mr. McGuire's suspension permanent. The suspended official was one of the founders of the American Federation of Labor as well as the Brotherhood of Carpenters.'

LETTER SENT TO BANDITS

MR. DICKINSON PREPARING TO RAN-SOM MISS STONE.

Brigands, However, Are Unwilling to Cross Into Turkey to Receive the Money, and Delay Is Possible.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 7 .- Yesterday Mr. Dickinson dispatched a messenger with a reply to the brigands' proposals as formulated in Miss Stone's letter. It is understood that an agreement as to the amount of the ransom has been virtually established. The settlement as to the manner and place of payment and the surrender of the captives presents the most difficulty, but an entente is expected soon. The brigands are not willing to cross into Turkey to obtain the money, while the Bulgarian government would oppose releasing Miss Stone on Bulgarian soil.

A letter dated Nov. 1, written in Bulgaria, has been received from Miss Stone. It consists of half a page, saying Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka are well and that the latter expects a baby in three weeks. It expresses hope for speedy release.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 7 .- No progress was reported to-day in connection with the rescue of Miss Stone. On the contrary, it appears that the negotiations have been temporarily suspended from the Bulgarian side. An effort will be made to resume them through Salonika. Mr. Eddy, secretary of the United States legation, is having frequent interviews with Sir Nicholas O'Connor, the British ambassador, with a view to a resumption, and proposes to go to Thorapia for a few days in order to be in close touch with the ambassador.

SAMAR MAY SURRENDER.

Insurgents More Active in Leyte-Lient. R. F. Crawford and Six Men Drowned-Capt. Anderson Dead.

CATBALOGAN, Island of Samar, Nov. 7 -The few Filipines who are surrendering say that the insurgent leader Lubkan's provisions are exhausted and that he and his men are living on a scanty supply of sweet potatoes. Lukban is being strongly urged to surrender. He is weakening, and it is believed he will yield by Nov. 10, owing to the blockade, making it impossible for him to procure more food. The insurgents are described as being in great fear of the sol-

The insurgents are becoming more active in the island of Leyte. Yesterday the town of Matalon was attacked. At Inopacan the insurgents cut the telegraph line. While a detachment of American troops were repairing it they were fired upon by a band of insurgents. After a brief skirmish the rebels were dispersed First Lieutenant Robert T. Crawford, of the First Infantry, a sergeant and five I have suffered and am still suffering. I men, while attempting to cross the Babyon river, in Samar, were drowned.

> Will Sail on the Rosecrans. WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Orders have been issued at the War Department directing that a battalion of the Twenty-eighth Infantry sail on the Rosecrans, instead of the Warren, as heretofore ordered, the latter ship having met with an accident in the Japan inland sea. The Rosecrans will go

to Portland, Ore., to take the battalion and Capt. R. H. Anderson Dead.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- A cablegram received at the War Department to-day from General Chaffee, at Manila, announces the death from pneumonia of Captain Robert tain Anderson was appointed to the army in short \$57,000. He then and there signed a 1884 from civil life, being credited to

OFFICIAL COUNT NECESSARY TO DE-CIDE WHICH PARTY WON.

Indications, However, Now Point to Gorman Controlling Both Houses of the Legislature.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.-The supervisors of election in the various counties of the they would form themselves into several State commenced to-day at noon the official canvass of the vote cast last Tuesday, and though others should be captured. It is the until it is finished no positive figures can intention of all to attempt to reach the be given as to the complexion of the next | rough country southeast of here. Legislature. It is probable the count outside of the city will be completed by to- alry hastened to the scene of the trouble. morrow, although at a late hour to-night | When they arrived the convicts had esno official reports had been made. It will caped and the soldiers could not partici- are committed that the natives are abrequire two, and perhaps three, days to pate in the chase without orders from their complete the count in Baltimore city, but superior. Forty armed guards from the enough is known to make it certain in the | federal prison are in pursuit of the fugiabsence of unexpected changes in the official count that the Democrats will control both branches of the Legislature. They have elected one, and probably two, additional delegates from Baltimore city, two from Cecil county and possibly one from Caroline, which have heretofore been counted in the Republican column. This will give the Democrats fifty votes in the House and at least seventeen in the Senate, or a majority of eleven on joint ballot. The returns thus far received show several unusually close contests. In Caroline county, for instance, Stevens, Rep., has but one majority over Jefferson, Dem. In Carroll, where an evenly divided delegation was chosen, twenty-two is the highest majority for the Republicans. In Cecil the only successful Republican wins by the narnow margin of fourteen votes, while in Kent the successful Democratic candidate has but five majority, the successful Republican twelve and the two defeated candidates are tied. In Somerset the successful Democrat has but twenty-two majority. In St. Marys twenty votes give the Democrats their lowest delegate. In Talbott county the only Republican elected has a majority of but thirty-three and none of the Democrats chosen in Baltimore city has to exceed 100 votes to spare. It will thus be seen that the official count may make some radical changes in the make-up of the lower house, but it is not probable they will materially affect the result, as the other sides are likely to suffer equally by it. It will also require the official vote to decide the fate of the state ticket and the present Indications are that neither of the successful candidates will have a majority of 1,000, the indications pointing to the election of Herring, Dem., for controller and Parran, Rep., for clerk of the Court of

Shot Himself to Avoid Capture.

POPLAR BLUFFS, Mo., Nov. 7 .- Frank Reed, a notorious character along the Misforced a sheriff's posse to retreat and after

CONVICTS AT FORT LEAVENWORTH | ration and the payment of damages for in-RISE AGAINST GUARDS.

Twenty-Six Desperate Men Escape from the Federal Penitentiary After a Sharp Fight.

FOUR GUARDS ARE WOUNDED

ONE OF THE MUTINEERS IS KILLED AND ANOTHER GETS A BULLET.

Ringleader of the Gang Outwits an Officer and Secures Possession of Two Revolvers.

OFFICERS IN PURSUIT

CONVICTS MAKING FOR THE WILD COUNTRY TO THE SOUTHEAST.

Robbing Farmers of Clothing and Horses on Their Way-Cavalry Without Orders to Pursue.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., man was killed, five others seriously wounded and twenty-six desperate convicts are at large as a result of a mutiny late this afternoon at the site of the new United States Prison, two miles southwest of here, where four hundred prisoners from the federal prison, in charge of thirty armed

guards were at work. When the trouble began the rebellious prisoners had only two revolvers. These had been secreted in one of the walls of the building by some unknown person. There are two walls partly completed and the remainder of the site of the building is surrounded by a high wooden stockade. Gus Parker, of Ardmore, Indian Territory, one of the ringleaders of the mutiny, under pretense of a necessity, walked to the corner of the stockade where the revolvers were concealed and, under cover of some weeds, secured them without being detected. He returned to the gang and passed one of the revolvers to Frank Thompson, a negro from South McAlester, I. T., who secreted it about his person.

When S. T. Hinds, superintendent of construction, and two unarmed guards prepared to round up the men at the end of the day's work the two armed convicts covered them with revolvers, and, encouraged by the other mutinous convicts, forced the men to walk before them to the northwestern corner of the stockade, where they expected to make a rush through an opening. On the outside of the stockade was an armed guard, and the convicts were met at the opening by C. E. Burrows, a guard, who fought them back, but who received two shots in the neck.

RUSHED MAIN ENTRANCE. The convicts then rushed over to the south wall to another opening and were met by Arthur Treelford, an armed guard, who is in charge of all the convicts. Treelford resisted the convicts, and was shot twice, but not dangerously wounded. Defeated in their attempt to escape at this point, the men rushed to the guardhouse. a temporary frame structure where the arms are kept. The guards from the outside rushed in at this point and drove the convicts away from the guardhouse. J. P. Waldrupe, a guard, shot and killed Ford | the island of Syra. Quinn, formerly of Indian Territory. Waldrupe was shot twice and may die. The prisoners then made a grand rush for the H. Anderson, of the Ninth Infantry. Cap- main entrance, and twenty-six of them succeeded in escaping.

Most of the escaped men are from Indian Territory. Closely followed by the guards ceeded in evading their pursuers. The men went in the direction of Easton, Kan., and it is reported here that they have held up expected on the island itself. many farmers, taking horses and clothing

The convicts in their flight compelled F. E. Hinds, superintendent of construction, to go with them, and he was not allowed to return until they had gone almost two miles. W. F. Peaslee, one of the fugitives, who has only fifteen months more to serve, deserted the band a few moments after Superintendent Hinds was released. The two men reached here almost at the same time. They reported that the fugitives, after holding a consultation, decided that small parties so that some might escape his earlier expedition after rubber, says 900

Twenty-four members of the Fourth Cav- 300 natives in three weeks. The district is The course that the fugitives have taken | revolt. While the conditions are somewhat

is indicated by the localities in which they improved in the territories worked by the have committed depredations. Many of their robberies are being reported here late | tives in the state domain, Canisius declares, to-night. S. A. Davission, a farmer ten is far worse than before the advent of the miles southwest of here, was robbed of a horse and some clothing. Three of his em- to work rubber at the muzzles of rifles, reployes were robbed of their coats and hats. C. T. Ferguson, a mail carrier, was robbed of his horse and cart. No report of the pursuers having encountered any of the fugitives has reached here at midnight. pital. J. B. Waldrupe was shot in the head | comes from Illinois, was recently a resiand in the neck and is in a precarious condition. C. E. Burrows was shot twice in the neck, receiving serious wounds. Arthur Treelford was shot in the leg, but his wound is slight. Andrew Leonard, a guard, is in the hospital with a broken leg. He was hurt as the prisoners were escaping through the main entrance of the stockade. One of the fugitives named Otter was shot, but he was able to go with the others and the extent of his injuries is unknown. Maj. R. W. McCloughry, warden of the penitentiary, was in Kansas City at the time of the outbreak making arrangements for the congress of prison wardens to be held there next week.

PANAMA NOT CAPTURED.

Denial of a Report Circulated by Friends of Rebels.

COLON, Colombia, Nov. 7.-There is absolutely no truth in the report circulated in the United States that Panama has been captured by the Liberals. No fighting whatever has occurred. The condition of affairs is the same as it has been for weeks

Chile Offers to Mediate.

LAGUAYRA, Venezuela, Nov. 7 .- Senor Herbost, the minister of Chili at Bogota, with the authorization of his government. | under their guidance.

good offices of Chili in order to arrange the differences between Venezuela and Colombia, stipulating the acceptation of Colom-President Castro's reply was as fol-"I accept your proposition with lows: pleasure on condition that Colombia gives full powers and don't forget my answer to the congress at Mexico, stipulating repa-

just and reasonable." TROLLEY CAR STRUCK.

vasions and losses, bases which I consider

Hit by a Railway Train on a Crossing and Six Persons Hurt.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 7 .- A Chicago Great Western freight train ran into a trolley car at the James-street intersection of the Kaw river, in Kansas City, Kan., early to-day, injuring six persons, two of whom may die.

The injured are: ROLAND H. WILLIAMS, conductor of the trolley car, badly bruised and cut by glass, windpipe nearly severed; probably

JOHN L. SCHNACKENBERG, motorman, foot mashed. CHARLES LAWRENCE, passenger, three ribs broken, severely bruised; prob-

E. C. MOURNINGS, forehead cut, se-MRS. SADIE REED (colored), nose broken, chest hurt. VESTI ROACH (colored), shoulder

sprained, leg hurt. Half a dozen other passengers had narrow escapes.

YIELDS TO THE FRENCH

TURKISH GOVERNMENT MAKES AN-OTHER CONCESSION.

French Foreign Office, However, Is Not Satisfied and Will Insist on Com-

MARINES LAND AT MIDELLI

pliance with All Demands.

AND TAKE ONE OF THE CUSTOMS HOUSES OF MITYLENE ISLAND.

Horrible Atrocities in the Congo Free State-Frenchmen to Study American Industrial Methods.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 7 .- The Porte has yielded still further to the French demands and has notified M. Bapst, counselor of the French embassy, that authority is granted France to rebuild or repair sixteen churches, convents and other institu-

tions situated in different villayets. PARIS, Nov. 8.-The Greek minister in Constantinople, according to a dispatch to a Paris news agency from Athens, has telegraphed the Greek government that the Porte has accepted all the demands of

PARIS, Nov. 7.-5:40 p. m.-A dispatch from Admiral Caillard has just been received announcing that he landed marines on the island of Mitylene this morning and occupied the customs at Midelli without resistance. The French government has received satisfactory replies from all the powers, without exception, to its note explaining the measures taken against Turkey. An excellent impression has been created in official circles by the tone of the response of the United States, which is couched in the most friendly terms. Official advices received here say the

Turkish authorities have cut the telegraph line between Mitylene and Constantinople, Thus Admiral Caillard was unable to communicate directly with M. Bapst, counselor of the French legation at Constantinople, and was obliged to file all dispatches at The French government is fairly satisfied

with the progress already achieved in the dispute by the naval demonstrations. The Sultan has promised to settle all monetary claims, and has offered guarantees which fall little short of those demanded. France, however, will insist on full guarantees, and also on the surrender of Turkey in the the men ran to a near-by forest and suc- | matter of treaty rights before evacuating Mitylene. No international complications are anticipated, in view of the powers' response to France's note, and no trouble is

BARBARITY IN CONGO.

An American Accuses Belgians of Horrible Atrocities.

LONDON, Nov. 7 .- Edgar Canisius, an

American, who recently retired from the employ of the Congo Free State, confirms the terrible stories told about the condition of the natives, and especially in the portions termed the state domain, where strangers are seldom admitted. Canisius, who accompanied Major Lothaire, commander of Belgian troops on the Congo, on natives were killed in six weeks during that expedition, while a smaller expedition, commanded by a Belgian lieutenant, killed practically under martial law, on the strength of which such endless barbarities solutely terror-stricken. Canisius further declares that the so-called punitive expedi- length. tions are in reality rubber-squeezing raids. conducted with such iniquitous methods concession companies, the lot of the nawhites. The natives are practically forced ceiving 2 cents per pound for what is sold at 75 cents at Antwerp. Thousands of na- | the city limits." tives have fled to the bush and live like wild animals. Along the jungle paths the bodies of those who have died of starvation dent of Washington.

FRENCH WANT TO LEARN.

PARIS, Nov. 7 .- M. Bouquet, director-in-

Will Establish a School in America for Studying Industrial Methods.

chief of the Department of Technical Instruction of the Ministry of Commerce, confirms the statement that the minister of commerce, M. Millerand, proposes to appoint a committee to elaborate a plan for the establishment of a French school in the United States devoted to the study of American industrial methods. M. Bouquet said: "M. Millerand himself is the initiator of the scheme. We realize that America now leads the van in industrial progress. She is far ahead of England, Germany and ourselves in organization and methods of work. Hitherto we have been sending numbers of engineering students to Germany, England and Belguim. But the minister has come to the conclusion that the field which offers the greatest profit in their study is the United States. He has, therefore, resolved to concentrate his efforts there." A general bureau or college will be established at Philadelphia or in Chicago, with a director and a couple of subdirectors, who will be fully acquainted with the workings of the various industries

IT WILL BE PROPOSED BY INTERUR-BAN COMPANIES.

The Result of a Lengthy Conference Held Last Night at the Grand Hotel.

STATEMENT IS AUTHORIZED

BOARD OF WORKS WILL BE ASKED TO GRANT FRANCHISES.

The Interurban Companies Will Seek to Come Into the City Each

Over Its Own Line.

INJUSTICE

ALLEGED

COMPANIES CLAIM PROPOSED TAX IS

EXORBITANT.

Companies at the Conference

Talk of Situation.

Representatives of the Interurban

Representatives of the interurban roads new operating in Indianapolis (not including the Union Traction Company) and those which will be operating, it is expected, within a few months, met last night at the Grand Hotel and formulated the details of an application to the Board of Works for individual franchises granting them the right to use the streets of the city independently of the Indianapolis Street-railway Company. To compensate the city for the privileges asked the interurban roads which are parties to the agreemen will, in addition to paying the usual taxes, establish for the benefit of the public a 3-cent-fare system. The step taken by the interurban lines last night was unexpected by the city authorities or by the general public. It is a virtual declaration of war upon the Indianapolis Street-railway Company. One of the gentlemen present at the meeting stated last night that it is probable that if the franchises asked for are granted by the Board of Works the 3-cent fare will not only be given the people, but cars for city passengers alone, irrespective of the interurban cars, will be put in service and convenient schedules

of the representatives present. AUTHORIZED STATEMENT. The following statement was given out as the official action of the meeting: "With the exception of the Union Traction Company and the Broad Ripple line, representatives from all the -interurban railways centering in Indianapolis have concluded they cannot afford to accept the terms of the contract proposed Board of Public Works and Common Council, for the reason that it is unfair and utterly wrong. It proposes a tax upon a basis imposed upon no other enterprise or property in this city, public or private. According to the method of this contract a company having no more than \$10,000 of taxable property in this city, rolling stock, franchise and everything that is subject to taxation, must pay taxes

amounting on an average to \$4,356 per year,

as shown by the statement of the Union

Traction Company. During the life of the

franchise such a company would pay \$135,050

n taxes, or more than thirteen times the

will be arranged. He stated that the plan

met the approbation of the greater number

entire value of its taxable property in this city, including tangible property and fran-"It is reasonable to expect that within a short time there will be ten or more interurban lines in the city if proper encouragement is extended. According to the estimate of the Union Traction Company these would pay \$1,300,000 by this franchise tax during the period of the proposed franchise. The Indianapolis Street-railway Company will pay only \$1,160,000 franchise tax during the life of its franchise, yet all such interurban lines together would not use one-fourth the lines of the local company and would not use the lines oneeighth as much. The gross inequality of this is apparent, especially in view of the fact that more than 90 per cent. of the interurban passengers are from outside the city and are brought here by the interurban roads to the benefit of the city; and this inequality becomes monstrous when it is considered that the local company will get the larger part of the city fares col-

lected by the interurbans in addition to all its own business. "The proposed tax also bears unequally upon the several interurban lines inasmuch as it might be inconsiderable upon a line one hundred miles long and be practically

prohibitive upon a line only ten miles in "In view of the manifest injustice of the that the natives are in a constant state of proposed contracts all the companies represented agreed to apply to the city authorities for franchise to maintain and construct their own tracks in the city. Their application will be carefully considered so as to make it as liberal to the city as practicable and will include a 3-cent fare within

WHAT REPRESENTATIVES SAY. Several of the interurban representatives The wounded men are in the prison hos- are frequent sights. Mr. Canisius, who who took part in the meeting expressed the opinion that the Board of Public Works could hardly do otherwise than act favorably upon the application. They stated that the 3-cent fare had been demanded by Indianapolis people for years and that the board could hardly afford to throw away a chance to secure it on such favorable terms. On the other hand, it is known that the members of the board regard the contract presented and signed by the Union Traction Company as the best

> means of solving the interurban question which can be had at the present time. The interurban officials who were present at the meeting last night are: William G. Irwin, of the Indianapolis, Greenwood & Franklin line; Samuel E. Rauh and Horace Stilwell, of the Central Company, which proposes to build a line to Kokomo; Charles F. Smith, of the Martinsville road; W. N. Harding and F. G. Banker, of the Greenfield road, and S. P. Minear and Edward

Adams, of the Shelbyville line. Regarding the statements which had been made to the effect that the interurban people were preparing to fight the city in the courts, an interurban official stated last night that the idea was a product of some one's imagination. "We have considered determining the legality of the 'hold up'